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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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Mark L Watson
Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP
Seventh Floor
12400 Wilshire Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026

EXAMINER

PHAN, RAYMOND NGAN

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2181

DATE MAILED: 08/12/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/669,034

Applicant(s)

SUBRAMANIAM ET AL.

Examiner

Raymond Phan

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 June 2003.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5. 6) ☐ Other: _____

Part III DETAILED ACTION

Notice to Applicant(s)

1. This action is responsive to the following communications: amendment filed on June 3, 2003.
2. This application has been examined. Claims 1-24 are pending.

Specification

3. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-3, 8, 8-24, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hetherington et al. (US No. 5,978,864) in view of Shiell et al. (US NO. 6,138,232).

In regard to claims 1, 8, Hetherington et al. disclose a method and system comprising a CPU, wherein the CPU includes power management logic that enables the CPU to operate in a first execution mode whenever the temperature of the CPU exceeds the predetermined threshold and operates in a second execution mode whenever the temperature of the CPU is below the predetermined threshold (see col. 14, lines 5-32). But Hetherington et al. do not specifically disclose the

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first quantity of instruction per cycle in first mode and second quantity of instructions per cycle in second mode. However Shiell et al. disclose the first quantity of instruction per cycle in first mode (i.e. partial mode) and second quantity of instructions per cycle in second mode (i.e. full mode) (see col. 9, lines 25-40). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of Shiell et al. within the system of Hetherington et al. because it would reduce the power consumption in the computer system. (with 97-49)

In regard to claims 2, 15, Hetherington et al. disclose wherein the power management logic comprising a thermal sensor 220 (see col. 13, lines 44-54); and an interrupt generating hardware coupled to the digital filter, wherein the interrupt generating hardware generates a first interrupt whenever the temperature of the CPU exceeds the predetermined threshold and generates a second interrupt whenever the temperature of the CPU is below the predetermined threshold (see col. 14, lines 5-32). The teaching of digital filter is explicitly known to the teaching of Hetherington et al.

In regard to claims 3, 24, the teaching of an analog to digital converter coupled between the thermal sensor and the digital filter is explicitly known to the teaching of Hetherington et al.

In regard to claims 9, 17, 21, Hetherington et al. disclose wherein the power management logic further comprises an instruction execution unit coupled to the interrupt handler; and an artificial activity generator coupled to the interrupt handler (see col. 14, lines 32-67).

In regard to claims 10, 19, 23, Hetherington et al. disclose wherein the artificial activity generator causes the CPU artificial activity generator to suspend

artificial activity within the CPU whenever the die temperature is above the predetermined threshold temperature (see col. 14, lines 5-22).

In regard to claims 11-14, 18, 22, Hetherington et al. disclose wherein the instruction execution unit causes the CPU to operate in a full dispersal mode whenever the die temperature is below the predetermined threshold temperature and operates in a single dispersal mode whenever the temperature of the CPU is above the predetermined threshold temperature (see col. 14, lines 47-67).

In regard to claims 16, 20, Hetherington et al. disclose wherein the power management logic comprising a thermal sensor 220 (see col. 13, lines 44-54); and an interrupt generating hardware coupled to the digital filter, wherein the interrupt generating hardware generates a first interrupt whenever the temperature of the CPU exceeds the predetermined threshold and generates a second interrupt whenever the temperature of the CPU is below the predetermined threshold (see col. 14, lines 5-32). The teaching of digital filter is explicitly known to the teaching of Hetherington et al. The teaching of an analog to digital converter coupled between the thermal sensor and the digital filter is explicitly known to the teaching of Hetherington et al.

6. Claims 4-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hetherington et al. in view of Shiell et al. and further in view of McFarland et al. (US No. 5,125,093)

In regard to claim 4, Hetherington et al. and Shiell et al. teach the claimed subject matter as discussed above except the teaching of PAL wherein the PAL includes an interrupt handler for receiving the first and second interrupt. However McFarland et al. disclose the PAL wherein the PAL includes an interrupt handler for receiving interrupts (see col. 8, lines 38-56). Therefore, it would have been

obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teachings of McFarland et al. within the system of Hetherington et al. and Shiell et al. because it would provide a technique that efficiently allocates the servicing of interrupts among a plurality of CPUs.

In regard to claim 5, Hetherington et al. disclose wherein the power management logic further comprises an instruction execution unit coupled to the interrupt handler; and an artificial activity generator coupled to the interrupt handler (see col. 14, lines 32-67).

In regard to claim 6, Hetherington et al. disclose wherein the instruction execution unit causes the CPU to operate in a full dispersal mode whenever the die temperature is below the predetermined threshold temperature and operates in a single dispersal mode whenever the temperature of the CPU is above the predetermined threshold temperature (see col. 14, lines 47-67).

In regard to claims 7, Hetherington et al. disclose wherein the artificial activity generator causes the CPU artificial activity generator to suspend artificial activity within the CPU whenever the die temperature is above the predetermined threshold temperature (see col. 14, lines 5-22).

Response to Amendment

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-23 have been considered but claims 1-23 are deemed to be moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Applicant's arguments, filed June 3, 2003, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-23 under 35USC 102(e) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further

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consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Shiell et al. under 35 USC103.

Conclusion

8. All claims are rejected.

9. The prior arts made of record and not relied upon are considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Skurnik et al. (US No. 5,948,105) disclose a method for conserving power by adjust clock frequency based on a repetitive timing cycle.

Loper et al. (US No. 5,870,616) disclose a system and method for reducing power consumption in an electronic circuit.

Nakatsu (US No. 5,625,311) discloses a system clock generating circuit having a power saving mode capable of maintaining a satisfactory processing speed.

Alexander et al. (US No. 5,420,808) disclose a circuitry and method for reducing power consumption within an electronic circuit.

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for response to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the date of this action. In the event a first response is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event will the statutory period for response expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to examiner Raymond Phan, whose telephone number is (703) 306-2756. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 6:30AM- 4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's Primary, Paul Myers can be reached on (703) 305-9656 or via e-mail addressed to paul.myers@uspto.gov. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 746-7239.

Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [raymond.phan@uspto.gov].

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.



PAUL R. MYERS
PRIMARY EXAMINER



Raymond Phan

8/6/03